	External Contractor	LATC/NPDO
 Delivery of council objectives/strategic outcomes. Able to understand the community within which the organisation is working. Ability to increase targeted participation and social value. Delivering services in-house means that changing priorities can be quickly implemented. Delivering services in-house means that changing priorities can be quickly implemented. The in-house management team are already involved with wider Council strategies giving them extensive knowledge and experience of working towards Council outcomes. 	External Contractor The centre(s) would be managed with a specification in place. Ensuring the organisation is clear what the Council requires both on an annual and longer time frame. The Council can set out targets (outputs) in relation to participation (new users and existing), target groups, programming and arts / sports & health development and outcomes. The Council can implement a performance management system to ensure that the partner records, reports and delivers the required outcomes. Staff from the existing facility would transfer under TUPE therefore retaining the local experience and knowledge to deliver against outcomes. There will be a concern that services being managed by external organisation to the Council will not consider local stakeholders. However, the specification can be clear in the outputs required and many partnerships have local 'Stakeholder Boards' developed to	LATC/NPDO As with the external contractor option, a specification and performance management system would be in place. Therefore, whilst the LATC/NPDO is independent of the Council, if there is a clearly defined specification, and longer-term financial stability (known management fee / funding agreement) it can be easier for the Council's strategic outcomes to be met. Staff from the existing facility would transfer under TUPE therefore retaining the local experience and knowledge to deliver against outcomes. Has the ability to attract additional funding streams compared to in-house option, which can be used to deliver facility and services interventions. More likely to have a locally focussed approach compared to an external contractor. Company profits can be repatriated to council, invested in the company or a mix of both.

Priorities	In-House	External Contractor	LATC/NPDO
		External organisations have extensive stakeholder and customer engagement strategies, including via their website and social media, on- line surveys, customer and club forums, all of which can be specified within the specifications. Any change to service priorities can be managed through the annual service planning process and contract change procedures. However, this can have explicit financial implications if the changes are business critical.	
operation would be successf deliver outcomes, which is no	sting in-house management of The Pulse ul in meeting outcomes and strategic prio ot always the case. It would be recomment toomes to ensure the in-house delivery r	prities. There is sufficient resource, expe ended however, that there is a managen	ertise, knowledge and experience to nent plan implemented with KPI's for
	have outcomes and KPI's set within the arrangement would be required for an LA		be little control/influence over how they
Customer experience and satisfaction. How well will services be planned, developed and delivered to improve/maintain quality of	There is likely to be less monitoring of performance as there will be no management contract in place. However, the management team could incorporate customer	External contractors can bring a breadth of leisure experience. The levels of service standards in areas that are important to the council	Branding will need to be established. Customer satisfaction KPI's can be
service. Ability to create high levels of customer satisfaction throughout all areas of service delivery	satisfaction and quality KPI's into their management plans and monitor them regularly.	can be tested through the procurement process. Through a robust contractual relationship, the Council can identify	incorporated into the specification documents. More likely to have a local bespoke approach to customer service.

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Priorities	In-House	External Contractor	LATC/NPDO
Exemplar quality of council and community facilities across the District	The last customer survey at The Pulse in 2020, showed that the cleanliness across the three core activity areas is particularly good with no area scoring less than 4/5. The Council would need to re-brand SPLC and the Lido if it moved in- house and may need to consider District-wide branding to ensure consistency across the Councils facilities. The Council's in-house team achieved a Quest score of 'very good' at their latest assessment in May 2021.	continuation improved scores / and KPI's in relation to customer satisfaction scores etc. Large operators tend to be weaker at delivering bespoke commissioned health and wellbeing services. Branding and marketing tends to have a corporate approach, however requirements could be included within the specification to ensure marketing reflects the local area. External operators have extensive experience of achieve quality awards such as Quest. External contractors tend to take a corporate approach to customer service losing the 'personal' and	Will need to ensure robust operational procedures are set up and implemented to ensure the quality of service delivery is high. This may require external specialist support depending on experience within the team.
		bespoke approach that is common with in-house or LATC arrangements.	

Currently the Council scores well with customer satisfaction and quality at The Pulse, whilst it is expected that this could be transferred to SPLC, as an older more complex building it will have more challenges.

Experience at SPLC suggests that there are areas where quality and customer experience could be improved, however external contractors have extensive operational procedures that have been tried and tested over multiple contracts. Approach to quality and customer experience can be tested through the method statements during the procurement process. Approach to marketing, promotions and customer care is usually a corporate approach rather than being personal. Whether an external contractor or LATC/NPDO quality of service and meeting performance standards can be set within the contract documents and a performance management system could ensure penalty payments for failure to meet targets or rectify issues within agreed timescales.

Priorities	In-House	External Contractor	LATC/NPDO
Revenue cost - running the	The in-house operation is unable to	External contractors tend to set more	The new company will need to have a
service with a low or zero	gain NNDR relief. The Council	ambitious targets against fitness and	suitable reserves policy and therefore
subsidy - what is	currently receives VAT relief on	swimming lessons.	the Council may have to provide a level
acceptable	swimming lessons, fitness classes		of subsidy over and above any
	and courses income, which is	An external contractor would operate	management fee in the early years of
	comparable to external operators,	with reduced central costs; however	operation (or accept the cash flow risk).
	such as SLM. Although some	they would also include an element	
	operators may be able to gain	of profit in their business plans.	Likely to have higher central costs as it
	additional VAT relief on some income	Typically, they would bid with a	will require its own senior
	streams that the Council currently	margin of 10%-12% of turnover.	management team (Chief Executive,
	doesn't.	The chility for the Council to cohiove	Finance Director etc.)
	The Council is able to apply for	The ability for the Council to achieve savings in their central costs as a	The LATC would be required to
	The Council is able to apply for external funding available only to	result of transferring management of	implement the real Living Wage
	statutory bodies.	all centres to an external contractor	therefore staff costs comparable to in-
	Statutory boules.	will be key to achieving financial	house model.
	Due to the performance of The Pulse	savings under this model.	
	it is anticipated that under in-house	cavinge ander the meach	An LATC can be set up under an
	management SPLC and the Lido	The Council requires external	appropriate structure to receive VAT
	would fare better financially than the	contractors to implement the real	and NNDR relief.
	current provider.	Living Wage therefore staff savings	
	•	usually expected from external	Likely to be able to apply for more
	The Pulse currently performs very	contractors will not be realised,	funding than the local authority.
	well from an income perspective	however slight savings could be	
	under in-house management against	made from implementing different	There will be one-off set up costs for
	SPLC. However, due to the lack of	terms and conditions and staff	the LATC/NPDO.
	control over maintenance costs, as	structures.	
	they are managed centrally,	They are likely to receive VAT and	Any profit could be re-invested back
			into the facilities.
	management options. Utility costs	NNDR relief (80% mandatory)	
	are also higher.		Revenue risk will ultimately be
		Any profits made in the contract may	underwritten by the Council
	Central support costs are typically	not be re-invested back into the	
	higher than external contractors and	facilities or wider Stroud District.	

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Priorities	In-House	External Contractor	LATC/NPDO
	at The Pulse central support costs are		The Business Plans completed for the
	higher than average.	A one-off cost of circa £100k-£120k	two leisure centres show that in a
		should be included to cover the	mature year and post investment the
	The in-house team has successfully	external advisors' (legal and leisure	LATC/NPDO option achieves a
	implemented voluntary programmes	procurement) costs of procurement	surplus of c.£352k across both
	at other facilities that could be	and other costs, for example	centres, which is between the in-house
	transferred to the Lido, working with	condition surveys etc.	and external contractor position.
	Friends of Stratford Park Lido to		
	minimise expenditure on this site.	Revenue risk sits with the operator not the Council. Therefore if income	The main variances against the in-
	Revenue risk of underachieving	targets are not reached there is no	house model are:
	against budget sits with Council.	change in the management fee paid	 NNDR – It is assumed that a
		to/by the Council.	LATC will achieve 80% NNDR
	Business Plans for the two leisure		relief
	centres were completed as part of	Economies of scale achieved from	 Salaries – whilst all management
	the Management Options report for	larger operators.	models will be expected to pay
	each management model. Following		Real Living Wage rates, a LATC
	investment, in a mature year the in-	The Business Plans completed for	could implement different terms
	house option achieves the lowest	the two leisure centres show that in a	and conditions and pension rates,
	overall surplus of c.£260k across	mature year and post investment the	therefore there could be some
	both centres.	external contractor option achieves	savings in staff costs.
		the highest overall surplus of	 Utilities and Maintenance costs
	However, due to the success of the	c.£600k across both centres.	would be expected to be
	in-house operation at the Pulse a		comparable to in-house
	surplus is still a realistic target. To	The main variances against the in-	management.
	achieve this the centres will require	house model are:	 Central costs – LATC's have
	investment and better control over		higher central costs due the need
	maintenance and utility costs will be	NNDR – It is assumed that	for a senior management team for
	required.	external contractors will achieve	the contract such as Chief
	Differences in expenditure are	80% NNDR relief	Executive and finance manager.
	anticipated in:	Salaries – whilst all management madels will be expected to pay	These costs cannot be spread
	NNDR – In-house the Council	models will be expected to pay	over multiple contracts. The
	• INDR – In-house the Council will pay 100% of costs	Real Living Wage rates, external	median benchmark for these costs
		contractors can implement	is 14% of expenditure.

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Priorities	In-House	External Contractor	LATC/NPDO
	 Salaries – whilst all management models will be expected to pay Real Living Wage rates, external contractors, LATC and NPDO's can implement different terms and conditions and pension rates, therefore in-house staff costs are anticipated to be slightly higher than the other options. Utilities – At the Pulse in-house utility costs are high against benchmarks therefore utility costs at both centres are expected to be higher under the in-house option Repairs and Maintenance – In- house these are managed by a different department and therefore limited control by the management team results in higher than average costs. This would not be the case under alternative management models. Although the Council could discuss ways in which this could be managed more efficiently in- house. Central costs – in-house management typically has higher levels of central costs, the central costs for The Pulse are higher than average. 	 different terms and conditions and pension rates, therefore there could be some savings in staff costs against the in-house option they will also have the support of a central team that could reduce onsite staffing requirements. Utilities – Generally external contractors achieve lower utility costs per m2, due to the economies of scale they can achieve across the company. Therefore the cost per m2 included in the business plan is lower than the in-house option. Repairs and Maintenance – Typically external contractors have lower maintenance costs due to economies of scale they can achieve. Therefore the cost per m2 included in the business plan is lower than the in-house option. Central costs – On average central costs are included by external contractors at c.7% expenditure. Profit – unlike in-house operations external contractors will require a level of profit to be built into their business plans which is typically around 5% of income. 	 Profit – it is likely that an LATC will need to build up a level of reserves and therefore may include this within their business plan. A NPDO will need to go through a procurement process and be successful, therefore there will be additional costs for the NPDO option compared to the LATC

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Priorities	In-House	External Contractor	LATC/NPDO
	nuine opportunity for the 2 leisure centre NDR relief the external contractor and L		
substantial amount of risk co external contractor, giving bu	O income and expenditure risk would sit uld be passed over to the operator. The udget certainty. There is also the poter as a share of the additional profit.	Council will receive a fixed management	t fee for the length of the contract with a
Council influence and control. How important to you is having control and managing the risk over the service on a day to day basis	The Council will be able to exert the most direct control over services through the in-house management option.	The external contractor must deliver against the Council's specification and contract. The specification will include an annual service planning element to ensure that the Council's changing requirements can be incorporated into future service delivery. An outsourced partner will report to its own board of trustees / directors who may have differing objectives to the Council. Significant changes to service delivery can be more formal; whilst flexibility in contracts can be included, there may be financial consequences to any significant changes.	The specification will set out th Council's priorities in respect to pricin / programming and other elements of service delivery. An annual service planning element of the specification can ensure that th Council's changing requirements can be incorporated into future service delivery. There is Council representation on the board, the governance structure will need to be carefully considered to get the right balance between council influence and interference.

Whilst the Council will be able to exert some control through the management contract and specification for an external contractor and LATC, ultimately it can only have true control through the in-house option.

In-house all risk will sit with the Council so whilst the Council will have control and manage the risk directly, this will have cost implications. Under the external contract a proportion of risk will be passed over. There will be a fixed management fee from an external contractor giving the Council cost certainty throughout the contract period, which could be beneficial from a budgeting perspective.

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Priorities	In-House	External Contractor	LATC/NPDO
Priorities Staffing - using local employment, impact on terms and conditions, future opportunities for staff development, payment of the living wage for the lowest paid staff.	All the existing staff skills and operational practice transfer back to the Council at SPLC and the Lido. It is likely that there could be increases in staff costs at SPLC and the Lido, where new employees would be employed on Council terms and conditions, however wages across all sites are required to meet	Staff will be subject to TUPE so all current terms and conditions would be protected in accordance with legislation. External operators are likely to offer new joiners their own company terms and conditions, which may vary from the current terms and conditions. This could result in some staff cost	Staff would transfer to the new Trust under TUPE, with their terms and conditions protected. A new LATC/NPDO would require central posts that are not currently in place such as a Chief Executive, Finance Director etc.; this results in higher central costs.
	the real Living Wage, therefore salary/wage costs are comparable across all options. Scope for progression for employees is limited to within the Centre/Council.	savings. External operators will offer training and development for staff specialising in the leisure industry. Any externalisation may crystallise any pension deficits. It is very likely that the Council would remain responsible for this under any externalisation process. An established external operator is normally able to offer staff wider career opportunities within the company structure that otherwise would not have be available with a single contract operator. Possible that some employees could be brought in from other contracts, therefore percentage of employees from the local area could be reduced.	As a single contract entity scope for progression is limited. The local authority is likely to have to underwrite the pension liability. It is not reasonable to expect the LATC/NPDO to take on any pension deficits A LATC/NPDO could offer new joiners their own company terms and conditions, which could result in some staff savings although noted that the Council will require living wage to be implemented.

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Priorities	In-House	External Contractor	LATC/NPDO
		in the specification that a certain	
		percentage of employees must live in	
		the local area.	
	nds Real Living Wage and the expectatio		
significant staff savings is r	ninimal. Typically staffing is an area wher	e external contractors can offer savings	but this won't be the case in Stroud.
	ely to bring in management support at a re		
	C options give the most certainty in terms		
	e to offer more options for career progress		
Joined up council	Linked to the ability to deliver Council	Can include outcomes and	Can include outcomes and
provisions for residents (fit or future)	outcomes.	requirements in specification, however the Council will have limited	requirements in specification, however the Council will have limited input into
or future)	Joined up working to achieve	input into how this is delivered.	how this is delivered. However, more
	Councils outcomes and 'fit for future'	input into now this is delivered.	likely to have a local approach than the
	aspirations are more easily		external contractor option.
	deliverable under the in-house		
	option.		
	g under the fit for future agenda can be bu		will require partnership working with
	ts, which will be easier to deliver and man		
Giving up control of the		National operators are more likely to	LATC/NPDO will not have direct
acilities and services		be able to fund equipment / ICT fit out	
elated to Leisure, health		and lifecycle works. They have good	responsibility will remain with the
and wellbeing in return for		supplier links and achieve economies	Council.
nvestment within the		of scale.	
current centres and		Dre Cavid annoniactions aculd	However, where the Council funds
potential new build		Pre-Covid, organisations could	capital investment, the LATC/NPDO
		access funding for smaller investments, but the preference was	will use the revenue improvements to
		very much for the Council to fund	repay the capital costs.
		larger scale works projects. The	Ultimately though with LATC/NPDO
		I larger scale works projects. The	Chimatory mough with EATO/NEDO
		borrowing rates were more cost	having a limited trading history, any

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Priorities	In-House	External Contractor	LATC/NPDO
		'own' the buildings, loans are based	risk of these payments being made
		on future revenue improvements as	falls back to the Council.
		opposed to using assets / long leases	
		as collateral. With Covid-19 impacting	
		reserves, operators are likely to have	
		less access to capital resources for	
		even the smaller investment projects.	
		The Council is more able to transfer	
		the full risk of any investments to	
		partners in terms of project delivery	
		and business plan projections.	
		Many organisations have delivered	
		capital projects and have established	
		supply chains with specific leisure	
		experience.	
		Some partners can offer VAT efficient	
		build schemes, where the Council is	
		the principal for the capital	
		development schemes and the	
		operator is the principal for the	
		revenue.	
		Whilst it is still the Council that can	
		access capital investment more	
		cheaply, the benefit is that external	
		contractors typically have experience	
		of being innovative and investing into	
		customer critical areas and there are	
		many examples where the operators	
		have significantly reduced the	
		revenue position with investment into	

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Priorities	In-House	External Contractor	LATC/NPDO
		facilities but importantly taken the	
		delivery risk.	
		All capital improvements are based	
		on a 'pay back' period or return on	
		investment, based on the contract	
		length.	
		Given the investment proposed at the	
		leisure centres it is anticipated that	
		the Council would still be required to	
		fund it under an external contractor	
		arrangement, however they would benefit from the experience and	
		expertise of delivering the projects	
		and reduced levels of risk.	
		najor work and therefore it will be down to the ability t	
		e of comparable investment projects there is suppor	
		jet and are delivered within timescales. Realistically,	
expensive than prudent		the current market they are unlikely to provide addition	hai runding. Private runding is also more

If the Council decided to procure a contractor they could tender a Design, Build, Operate and Maintain (DBOM) contract to deliver the investment at both centres. In this process the Council would still be required to fund but bidders would provide their own investment solutions within the Council's affordability limits and they would have responsibility for delivering the scheme when the new contract starts. This option would minimise delivery risk to the Council. Through the tender process the Council would have the opportunity to discuss and feedback on their design schemes to ensure it meets requirements. Whilst the Council can stipulate a minimum facility mix this option does give operators the flexibility to be innovative and come up with solutions that will ensure the financial sustainability of the centres.